

**08 C 1369**

**JUDGE ANDERSEN  
MAGISTRATE JUDGE BROWN**

**EXHIBIT A**

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 22<sup>ND</sup> JUDICIAL CIRCUIT  
MCHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS

FILED

FEB 07 2008

VERNON W. KAYS, JR.  
MCHENRY CTY. CIR. CLK

JT'S FRAMES, INC., an Illinois corporation,  
individually and as the representative of a  
class of similarly-situated persons,

Plaintiff,

v.

AMERICA DIRECT, INC.,

Defendant.

08CH238

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT**

Plaintiff, JT'S FRAMES, INC. ("Plaintiff"), brings this action on behalf of itself and all other persons similarly situated, through its attorneys, and except as to those allegations pertaining to Plaintiff or its attorneys, which allegations are based upon personal knowledge, alleges the following upon information and belief against Defendant, AMERICA DIRECT, INC. ("Defendant"):

**PRELIMINARY STATEMENT**

1. This case challenges Defendant's practice of faxing unsolicited advertisements.
2. The federal Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 USC § 227, prohibits a person or entity from faxing or having an agent fax advertisements without the recipient's prior express invitation or permission ("junk faxes" or "unsolicited faxes"). The TCPA provides a private right of action and provides statutory damages of \$500 per violation.
3. Unsolicited faxes damage their recipients. A junk fax recipient loses the use of its fax machine, paper, and ink toner. An unsolicited fax wastes the recipient's valuable time that would have been spent on something else. A junk fax interrupts the recipient's privacy.

Unsolicited faxes prevent fax machines from receiving authorized faxes. **NOTICE**  
BY LOCAL RULE 3.10  
THIS CASE IS HEREBY SET FOR SCHEDULING  
CONFERENCE IN COURTROOM 204 ON  
6-19 2008 AT 9:00 AM PM  
FAILURE TO APPEAR MAY RESULT IN THE CASE  
BEING DISMISSED OR AN ORDER OF  
DEFAULT BEING ENTERED.

authorized outgoing faxes, cause undue wear and tear on the recipients' fax machines, and require additional labor to attempt to discern the source and purpose of the unsolicited message.

4. On behalf of itself and all others similarly situated, Plaintiff brings this case as a class action asserting claims against Defendant under the TCPA, the common law of conversion, and the consumer protection statutes forbidding and compensating unfair business practices.

5. Plaintiff seeks an award of statutory damages for each violation of the TCPA.

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

6. Jurisdiction is conferred by 735 ILCS 5/2-209 in that Defendant has transacted business and committed tortious acts related to the matters complained of herein.

7. Venue is proper in McHenry County pursuant to 735 ILCS 5/2-101, et seq. because some of the tortious acts complained of occurred in McHenry County, Illinois.

8. Federal jurisdiction does not exist because no federal question or claim is asserted and Plaintiffs' individual claims are worth less than \$75,000.00, inclusive of all forms of damages and fees. Plaintiff expressly disclaims any individual recovery in excess of \$75,000.00, inclusive of all forms of damages and fees.

### **PARTIES**

9. Plaintiff is an Illinois corporation with its principal place of business in McHenry County, Illinois.

10. On information and belief, Defendant, AMERICA DIRECT, INC., is an Illinois corporation with its principal place of business in Algonquin, Illinois.

### **FACTS**

11. On or about November, 2007 Defendant faxed an advertisement to Plaintiff. A copy of the facsimile is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

12. Plaintiff had not invited or given permission to Defendant to send fax advertisements.

13. On information and belief, Defendant faxed the same and similar advertisements to Plaintiff and more than 39 other recipients without first receiving the recipients' express permission or invitation.

14. There is no reasonable means for Plaintiff (or any other class member) to avoid receiving illegal faxes. Fax machines are left on and ready to receive the urgent communications their owners desire to receive.

**COUNT I**  
**TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT, 47 U.S.C. § 227**

15. Plaintiff incorporates the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

16. In accordance with 735 ILCS 5/2-801, Plaintiff brings Count I pursuant to the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227, on behalf of the following class of persons:

All persons who (1) on or after four years prior to the filing of this action, (2) were sent telephone facsimile messages of material advertising the commercial availability of any property, goods, or services by or on behalf of Defendant, (3) with respect to whom Defendant did not have prior express permission or invitation for the sending of such faxes, and (4) with whom Defendant did not have an established business relationship.

17. A class action is warranted because:

(a) On information and belief, the class includes forty or more persons and is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.

(b) There are questions of fact or law common to the class predominating over questions affecting only individual class members, including without limitation:

(i) Whether Defendant sent unsolicited fax advertisements;

- (ii) Whether Defendant's facsimiles advertised the commercial availability of property, goods, or services;
- (iii) The manner and method Defendant used to compile or obtain the list of fax numbers to which it sent Exhibit A and other unsolicited faxed advertisements;
- (iv) Whether Defendant faxed advertisements without first obtaining the recipients' express permission or invitation;
- (v) Whether Defendant violated the provisions of 47 USC § 227;
- (vi) Whether Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to statutory damages;
- (vii) Whether Defendant should be enjoined from faxing advertisements in the future; and
- (viii) Whether the Court should award trebled damages.

18. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the other class members. Plaintiff's counsel are experienced in handling class actions and claims involving unsolicited advertising faxes. Neither Plaintiff nor Plaintiff's counsel has any interests adverse or in conflict with the absent class members.

19. A class action is an appropriate method for adjudicating this controversy fairly and efficiently. The interest of each individual class member in controlling the prosecution of separate claims is small and individual actions are not economically feasible.

20. The TCPA prohibits the "use of any telephone facsimile machine, computer or other device to send an unsolicited advertisement to a telephone facsimile machine...." 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1).

21. The TCPA defines “unsolicited advertisement,” as “any material advertising the commercial availability or quality of any property, goods, or services which is transmitted to any person without that person’s express invitation or permission.” 47 U.S.C. § 227(a)(4).

22. The TCPA provides:

3. Private right of action. A person may, if otherwise permitted by the laws or rules of court of a state, bring in an appropriate court of that state:

(A) An action based on a violation of this subsection or the regulations prescribed under this subsection to enjoin such violation,

(B) An action to recover for actual monetary loss from such a violation, or to receive \$500 in damages for each such violation, whichever is greater, or

(C) Both such actions.

23. The Court, in its discretion, can treble the statutory damages if the violation was knowing. 47 U.S.C. § 227.

24. Defendant violated the 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq. by sending advertising faxes (such as Exhibit A) to Plaintiff and the other members of the class without first obtaining their prior express invitation or permission.

25. The TCPA is a strict liability statute and Defendant is liable to Plaintiff and the other class members even if its actions were only negligent.

26. Defendant knew or should have known that Plaintiff and the other class members had not given express invitation or permission for Defendant or anybody else to fax advertisements about Defendant’s goods or services.

27. Defendant’s actions caused damages to Plaintiff and the other class members. Receiving Defendant’s junk faxes caused the recipients to lose paper and toner consumed in the

printing of Defendant's faxes. Moreover, Defendant's faxes used Plaintiff's fax machine. Defendant's faxes cost Plaintiff time, as Plaintiff and its employees wasted their time receiving, reviewing and routing Defendant's illegal faxes. That time otherwise would have been spent on Plaintiff's business activities. Finally, Defendant's faxes unlawfully interrupted Plaintiff's and the other class members' privacy interests in being left alone.

28. Even if Defendant did not intend to cause damage to Plaintiff and the other class members, did not intend to violate their privacy, and did not intend to waste the recipients' valuable time with Defendant's advertisements, those facts are irrelevant because the TCPA is a strict liability statute.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, JT'S FRAMES, INC., individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, demands judgment in its favor and against Defendant, AMERICA DIRECT, INC., as follows:

- A. That the Court adjudge and decree that the present case may be properly maintained as a class action, appoint Plaintiff as the representative of the class, and appoint Plaintiff's counsel as counsel for the class;
- B. That the Court award \$500.00 in damages for each violation of the TCPA;
- C. That the Court enter an injunction prohibiting Defendant from engaging in the statutory violations at issue in this action; and
- D. That the Court award costs and such further relief as the Court may deem just and proper, but in any event, not more than \$75,000.00 per individual, inclusive of all damages and fees.

**COUNT II**  
**CONVERSION**

29. Plaintiff incorporates the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

30. In accordance with 735 ILCS 5/2-801, Plaintiff brings Count II for conversion under the common law for the following class of persons:

All persons (1) who on or after a date five years prior to the filing of this action, (2) were sent telephone facsimile messages of material advertising the commercial availability of any property, goods or services by or on behalf of Defendant, (3) with respect to whom Defendant did not have prior express permission or invitation for the sending of such faxes, and (4) with whom Defendant did not have an established business relationship.

31. A class action is proper in that:

(a) On information and belief the class consists of forty or more persons and is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.

(b) There are questions of fact or law common to the class predominating over all questions affecting only individual class members, including:

(i) Whether Defendant engaged in a pattern of sending unsolicited fax advertisements;

(ii) The manner and method Defendant used to compile or obtain the list of fax numbers to which it sent Exhibit A and other unsolicited faxed advertisements; and

(iii) Whether Defendant committed the tort of conversion.

32. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the other class members. Plaintiff has retained counsel who is experienced in handling class actions and claims involving unlawful business practices. Neither Plaintiff nor Plaintiff's counsel have any interests adverse or in conflict with the class.



33. A class action is an appropriate method for adjudicating this controversy fairly and efficiently. The interest of the individual class members in individually controlling the prosecution of separate claims is small and individual actions are not economically feasible.

34. By sending Plaintiff and the other class members unsolicited faxes, Defendant improperly and unlawfully converted their fax machines, toner and paper to its own use. Defendant also converted Plaintiff's employees' time to Defendant's own use.

35. Immediately prior to the sending of the unsolicited faxes, Plaintiff and the other class members owned an unqualified and immediate right to possession of their fax machines, paper, toner, and employee time.

36. By sending the unsolicited faxes, Defendant permanently misappropriated the class members' fax machines, toner, paper, and employee time to Defendant's own use. Such misappropriation was wrongful and without authorization.

37. Defendant knew or should have known that its misappropriation of paper, toner, and employee time was wrongful and without authorization.

38. Plaintiff and the other class members were deprived of the use of their fax machines, paper, toner, and employee time, which could no longer be used for any other purpose. Plaintiff and each class member thereby suffered damages as a result of their receipt of unsolicited fax advertisements from Defendant.

39. Each of Defendant's unsolicited fax advertisements effectively stole Plaintiff's employees' time because multiple persons employed by Plaintiff were involved in receiving, routing, and reviewing Defendant's illegal faxes. Defendant knew or should have known employees' time is valuable to Plaintiff.

40. Defendant's actions caused damages to Plaintiff and the other members of the class because their receipt of Defendant's unsolicited fax advertisements caused them to lose paper and toner as a result. Defendant's actions prevented Plaintiff's fax machines from being used for Plaintiff's business purposes during the time Defendant was using Plaintiff's fax machines for Defendant's illegal purpose. Defendant's actions also cost Plaintiff employee time, as Plaintiff's employees used their time receiving, routing, and reviewing Defendant's illegal faxes, and that time otherwise would have been spent on Plaintiff's business activities.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, JT'S FRAMES, INC., individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, demands judgment in its favor and against Defendant, AMERICA DIRECT, INC., as follows:

- A. That the Court adjudge and decree that the present case may be properly maintained as a class action, appoint Plaintiff as the representative of the class, and appoint Plaintiff's counsel as counsel for the class;
- B. That the Court award appropriate damages;
- C. That the Court award costs of suit; and
- D. Awarding such further relief as the Court may deem just and proper, but in any event, not more than \$75,000.00 to any individual class member.

**COUNT III**  
**ILLINOIS CONSUMER FRAUD AND DECEPTIVE BUSINESS PRACTICES ACT**  
**815 ILCS 505/2**

41. Plaintiff incorporates the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

42. In accordance with 735 ILCS 5/2-801, Plaintiff, on behalf of the following class of persons, brings Count III for Defendant's unfair practice of sending unsolicited and unlawful fax advertisements:

All persons in Illinois who (1) on or after a date three years prior to the filing of this action, (2) were sent telephone facsimile messages of material advertising the commercial availability of any property, goods, or services by or on behalf of Defendant, (3) with respect to whom Defendant did not have prior express permission or invitation for the sending of such faxes, and (4) with whom Defendant did not have an established business relationship.

43. A class action is proper in that:

- (a) On information and belief the class consists of thousands of persons in Illinois and throughout the United States and is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.
- (b) There are questions of fact or law common to the class predominating over all questions affecting only individual class members including:
  - (i) Whether Defendant engaged in a pattern of sending unsolicited fax advertisements;
  - (ii) The manner and method Defendant used to compile or obtain the list of fax numbers to which it sent Exhibit A and other unsolicited faxed advertisements;
  - (iii) Whether Defendant's practice of sending unsolicited faxed advertisements violates Illinois public policy;
  - (iv) Whether Defendant's practice of sending unsolicited faxes is an unfair practice under the Consumer Fraud Act; and
  - (v) Whether Defendant should be enjoined from sending unsolicited fax advertising in the future.

44. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the other class members. Plaintiff has retained counsel who are experienced in handling class actions and

claims involving lawful business practices. Neither Plaintiff nor Plaintiff's counsel have any interests adverse or in conflict with the class.

45. A class action is an appropriate method for adjudicating this controversy fairly and efficiently. The interest of the individual class members in individually controlling the prosecution of separate claims is small and individual actions are not economically feasible.

46. Defendant's unsolicited fax practice is an unfair practice, because it violates public policy, and because it forced Plaintiff and the other class members to incur expense without any consideration in return. Defendant's practice effectively forced Plaintiff and the other class members to pay for Defendant's advertising campaign.

47. Defendant violated the unfairness predicate of the Act by engaging in an unscrupulous business practice and by violating Illinois statutory public policy, which public policy violations in the aggregate caused substantial injury to hundreds of persons.

48. Defendant's misconduct caused damages to Plaintiff and the other members of the class, including the loss of paper, toner, ink, use of their facsimile machines, and use of their employees' time.

49. Defendant's actions caused damages to Plaintiff and the other class members because their receipt of Defendant's unsolicited fax advertisements caused them to lose paper and toner consumed as a result. Defendant's actions prevented Plaintiff's fax machine from being used for Plaintiff's business purposes during the time Defendant was using Plaintiff's fax machine for Defendant's illegal purpose. Defendant's actions also cost Plaintiff employee time, as Plaintiff's employees used their time receiving, routing, and reviewing Defendant's illegal faxes and that time otherwise would have been spent on Plaintiff's business activities.

similarly situated, demands judgment in their favor and against Defendant, AMERICA DIRECT, INC., as follows:

- A. That the Court adjudge and decree that the present case may be properly maintained as a class action, appoint Plaintiff as the class representative, and appoint Plaintiff's counsel as counsel for the class;
- B. That the Court award damages to Plaintiff and the other class members;
- C. That the Court award attorney fees and costs;
- D. That the Court enter an injunction prohibiting Defendant from sending unsolicited faxed advertisements to Illinois consumers; and
- E. Awarding such further relief as the Court may deem just and proper, but in any event, not more than \$75,000.00 to any individual member.

Respectfully submitted,

JT'S FRAMES, INC., individually and as the representative of a class of similarly-situated persons

By:

  
One of Plaintiff's Attorneys

Brian J. Wanca  
ANDERSON + WANCA  
3701 Algonquin Road, Suite 760  
Rolling Meadows, IL 60008  
Telephone: 847/368-1500  
Attorney No. 3126474

Phillip A. Bock (#6224502)  
BOCK & HATCH, LLC  
134 N. La Salle St., Suite 1000  
Chicago, IL 60602  
Telephone: 312/658-5500

**EXHIBIT A**

Are you receiving the best postage rate  
for your direct mail campaign?



**NOT  
SURE?**

**CALL NOW**

**847-854-9000**

to find out & receive a

**FREE! NO STRINGS ATTACHED!**

**\$25** GIFT CARD

Starbucks - Home Depot - Panera Bread

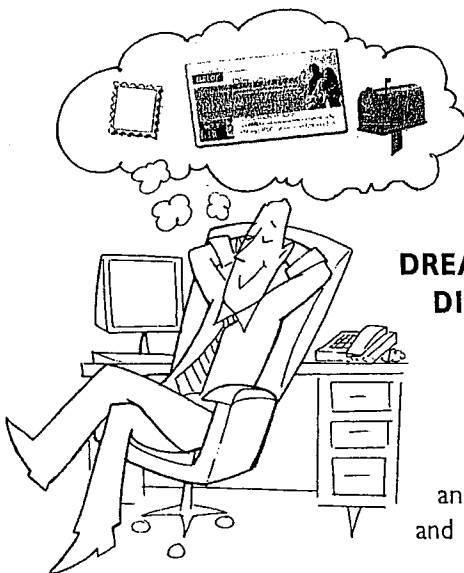
LIMITED QUANTITY AVAILABLE- OFFER EXPIRES 11/30/2007

\*These offers are for businesses that are currently doing direct mail campaigns, or those who are new to direct mail and are interested in a consultation. For those responding to the postage verification, ADI will need to attain some basic information. One postage verification/gift card per business. First time customers only.

**DREAMING OF HOW EASY  
DIRECT MAIL CAN BE**

**WAKE UP**

and call us for a consultation  
and receive a free \$25 gift card!\*



A M E R I C A



Your partner in direct mail....

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 22<sup>ND</sup> JUDICIAL CIRCUIT  
MCHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS

FILED

FEB 07 2008

VERNON W. KAYS, JR.  
MCHENRY CTY. CIR. CLK.

JT'S FRAMES, INC., an Illinois corporation,  
individually and as the representative of a  
class of similarly-situated persons,

Plaintiff,

v.

AMERICA DIRECT, INC.

Defendant.

08CH238

**PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR CLASS CERTIFICATION**

Plaintiff, JT'S FRAMES, INC., by its attorneys, Anderson + Wanca and Diab & Bock, LLC, respectfully moves this court, pursuant to 735 ILCS 5/2-801 et seq., to certify for class action treatment the following classes, as described in Plaintiff's Class Action Complaint:

All persons who (1) on or after four years prior to the filing of this action, (2) were sent telephone facsimile messages of material advertising the commercial availability of any property, goods, or services by or on behalf of Defendant, (3) with respect to whom Defendant did not have prior express permission or invitation for the sending of such faxes, and (4) with whom Defendant did not have an established business relationship.

All persons who (1) on or after five years prior to the filing of this action, (2) were sent telephone facsimile messages of material advertising the commercial availability of any property, goods, or services by or on behalf of Defendant, (3) with respect to whom Defendant did not have prior express permission or invitation for the sending of such faxes, and (4) with whom Defendant did not have an established business relationship.

All persons who (1) on or after three years prior to the filing of this action, (2) were sent telephone facsimile messages of material advertising the commercial availability of any property, goods, or services by or on behalf of Defendant, (3) with respect to whom Defendant did not have prior express permission or invitation for the sending of such faxes, and (4) with whom Defendant did not have an established business relationship.



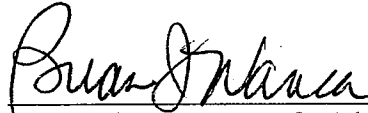
Plaintiff will file a supporting Memorandum of Law in due course.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, JT'S FRAMES, INC., prays that this court enter an order pursuant to 735 ILCS 5/2-801 certifying for class treatment the classes set forth herein.

Respectfully submitted,

JT'S FRAMES, INC., individually and as the representative for a class of similarly-situated persons

By:



One of the Attorneys for Plaintiff

Brian J. Wanca  
ANDERSON + WANCA  
3701 Algonquin Road, Suite 760  
Rolling Meadows, IL 60008  
Telephone: 847/368-1500  
Fax: 847/368-1501  
#3126474

Phillip A. Bock  
BOCK & HATCH, LLC  
134 N. LaSalle St., #1000  
Chicago, IL 60602  
Telephone: 312/658-5500

**SUMMONS - 30 DAY**  
**IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE TWENTY-SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT**  
**McHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS**

(Name all parties)

**JT's Frames, inc., an Illinois corporation,**  
**individually and as the representative of a**  
**class of similiary-situated persons,**  
**Plaintiff(s)**

vs.

**AMERICA DIRECT, INC.**Case Number 08CH238

Amount Claimed \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Defendant(s)

Please serve: David Pals, Reg. Agent  
 1320 Chase Avenue Unit 3  
 Algonquin, IL 60102

**SUMMONS****To each Defendant:**

**YOU ARE SUMMONED** and required to file an answer in this case, or otherwise file your appearance, in the office of the Clerk of this court, McHenry County Government Center, 2200 N. Seminary Avenue, Woodstock, Illinois, 60098, within 30 days after service of this summons, not counting the day of service. **IF YOU FAIL TO DO SO, A JUDGMENT OR DECREE BY DEFAULT MAY BE TAKEN AGAINST YOU FOR THE RELIEF ASKED IN THE COMPLAINT.**

**To the officer:**

This summons must be returned by the officer or other person to whom it was given for service, with endorsement of service and fees, if any, immediately after service. If service cannot be made, this summons shall be returned so endorsed. This summons may not be served later than 30 days after its date.

WITNESS FEB 07 2008 20

Clerk of the Circuit Court

Plaintiff's attorney or plaintiff if he is not represented by an attorney

Name Anderson + WancaPrepared by Brian J. WancaAttorney for PlaintiffAttorney for PlaintiffAddress 3701 Algonquin Rd. Suite 760Attorney Registration No. 3126474City, State Zip Rolling Meadows, IL 60008Telephone 847/368-1500

**SHERIFF'S FEES**

Service and return \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Miles \_\_\_\_\_ \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Total Sheriff's Fees \$ \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Sheriff of \_\_\_\_\_ County**I CERTIFY THAT I SERVED THIS SUMMONS ON DEFENDANTS AS FOLLOWS:****(a) INDIVIDUAL DEFENDANTS – PERSONAL:**

The officer or other person making service, shall (a) identify as to sex, race and approximate age of the defendant with whom he left the summons, and (b) state the place where (whenever possible in terms of an exact street address) and the date and time of the day when the summons was left with the defendant.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**(b) INDIVIDUAL DEFENDANTS – ABODE:**

By leaving a copy of the summons and a copy of the complaint at the usual place of abode of each individual defendant with a person of his family, of the age of 13 years and upwards, informing that person of the contents of the summons. The officer or other person making service, shall (a) identify as to sex, race and approximate age of the person, other than the defendant, with whom he left the summons, and (b) state the place where (whenever possible in terms of an exact street address) and the date and time of day when the summons was left with such person.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

and also by sending a copy of the summons and of the complaint in a sealed envelope with postage fully pre-paid, addressed to each individual defendant at his usual place of abode, as follows:

Name of Defendant	Mailing Address	Date of Mailing
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

**(c) CORPORATION DEFENDANTS:**

By leaving a copy of the summons and a copy of the complaint with the registered agent, officer or agent of each defendant corporation, as follows:

Defendant Corporation	Registered Agent, Officer or Agent	Date of Service
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

**(d) OTHER SERVICE**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_, Sheriff of \_\_\_\_\_ County

By: \_\_\_\_\_, Deputy